令和7年度 後 期 博多女子高等学校 入学試験問題

英 語

注 意

- 一、合図があるまでこの冊子を開かないこと。
- 一、答えはすべて解答用紙に記入すること。
- 一、問題の内容に関する質問は受け付けない。
- 一、途中退出は解答作成中の他の受験生に迷惑になるので認めない。

1	次の	()内	に入る最も適当なものを下記から一つ選び、記号で答えよ。
	問 1	B: Act	ese cookies are so delicious. Where did you buy them? rually, I didn't buy them. () ally? Unbelievable! You're really good at cooking. anks.
		1 2 3	My mother taught me how to cook. Because I didn't have money. I made them.
	問2	B: (A: Rea B: Ho	m, do you know where my school bag is? ally? I don't remember that. w about calling to school? Maybe it's in your room. You came home without a school bag yesterday. I saw it in the kitchen.
	問3	A: Wh) I haven't. y? Do you remember that we have to go to uncle's house this ernoon? s, I do. I'll do it tonight.
		1 2 3	Have you finished your homework yet? Did you finish your homework? Have you been to uncle's house before?

- 問4 A: Hello, () May I speak to Mrs. Yasuda?
 - B: Sorry, she is not here right now. Do you want to leave a message for her?
 - A: Yes, please. That would be great, thank you.
 - B: My pleasure.
 - 1 who are you?
 - **2** is this 651-1465?
 - **3** this is Masae.
- 問5 A: Hello. (), sir?
 - B: I want to get new running shoes made in Japan.
 - A: OK. I'll take you to the shoes section. Please follow me.
 - B: Thanks a lot.
 - 1 Did you buy something
 - 2 Who are you looking for
 - 3 What can I do for you

2 次の対話文は、アリス (Alice) とトム (Tom) の会話である。よく読んで後の各問に答えよ。

Alice: Hi, Tom. How was your weekend?

Tom: Hi, Alice. It was great! I went hiking in the mountains.

Alice: That sounds fun. Did you go with anyone?

Tom: Yes, I went with my brother. We took lots of photos.

Alice: Great! I'd love to see them sometime. Did you find any interesting spots?

Tom: Yes, we found a beautiful waterfall and a small cave. That was really exciting.

Alice: Wow, that must have been amazing. I spent my weekend reading a book at home.

Tom: You were relaxed, weren't you? What book did you read?

Alice: I read "The Great Adventure." It's about a group of friends who travel around the world.

Tom: That sounds interesting. I recommend "The World Tour."

問1 What did Tom do over the weekend?

7 He went swimming. **1** He went hiking in the mountains.

ウ He visited a museum. エ He stayed at home.

問2 Who did Tom go hiking with?

ア His parents.イ His friends.

ウ His brother. エ His classmates.

問3 What interesting spots did Tom and his brother find?

7 A waterfall and a cave. **1** A forest and a river.

ウ A mountain and a lake. エ A beach and a lighthouse.

問4 How did Alice spend her weekend?

7 She went hiking.
1 She read a book at home.

ウ She went shopping. エ She visited a friend.

問5 What is the title of the book Alice read?

ア "The Great Adventure." イ "The Lost Treasure."

ウ "The World Tour." エ "The Journey Begins."

Have you ever been to Britain? Britain is a country located in the west part of Europe. It is also called the United Kingdom. The UK consists of four regions: England, Scotland, Wales, and Northern Ireland. Each area has its own features, and you can enjoy both its unique culture and rich nature.

Compared with Japan, the temperature is not much different from that of Japan in winter. However, even in summer, it's cool and the highest temperature is about 20°C. The weather can change a lot. It often rains but it doesn't rain heavily, so most people wear hooded clothes and don't use umbrellas. June to September, when there are few rainy days and the temperature is just right, is the best time to travel.

Now I recommend two places to visit. First, you should visit the British Museum. There are many museums in the UK that you can enter without $\underline{\mathbb{O}(pay)}$ an admission fee, and the British Museum is one of them. The museum has about 8 million collections, and some of them are on display. One of the most famous collections is the Rosetta Stone. Many of you have $\underline{\underline{\otimes}(see)}$ the name in a history book, right?

Second, I recommend going to Stratford-upon-Avon. About 150km northwest of London, Stratford-upon-Avon is known as the birthplace of Shakespeare. It is said that Shakespeare was born in 1564 and <a>(3)(spend) his childhood there. It is a popular destination for tourists. It is open to the public as a small museum.

In Britain, there are many other wonderful places you should visit, such as Westminster Abbey, Buckingham Palace, and the Lake District that was featured in Peter Rabbit. Why don't you visit Britain in the future?

(注) feature 特ちょう hooded フード付きの

the Rosetta stone ロゼッタストーン

Stratford-upon-Avon ストラトフォードアポンエイボン

Shakespeare シェイクスピア

Westminster Abbey ウエストミンスター寺院

Buckingham Palace バッキンガム宮殿 the Lake District 湖水地方

アーイギリスは英語では複数の呼び名がある。 イ イギリスは4つの地方から構成されている。 ウ イギリスの冬の気温は、日本の気温とはかなり異なる。 エ イギリスでは雨が降りやすいので多くの人は傘を持ち歩く。 オ イギリスでは6から9月は雨が少なく、旅行に適した季節である。 本文の内容と一致するものを、次のア~エから一つ選び、記号で答の欄に記入 問2 しなさい。 **7** You have to pay the admission fee when you enter the British Museum. 1 The British Museum has about 8 millions of collections, and you can see everything. ウ The Rosetta Stone is too popular and is not displayed any more. I The Rosetta Stone is famous and is displayed in the British museum. Stratford-upon-Avon とはどのような場所か。次の説明文が成り立つように、 問3 (①),(②),(③)) のそれぞれにあてはまる最も適当な日本語を答 の欄に記入しなさい。 シェイクスピアの (①) として知られており、彼が (②) を過ごしたと 言われている、ロンドンから北西 150 キロに位置する (③) に人気の場所。 本文中の下線部①~③の動詞の形が正しい組み合わせはどれか。次のア~エから 問4 一つ選び、記号で答の欄に記入しなさい。 ③ spend ア ① paying ② seen **1** (1) paid ② saw ③ spent ② seen ウ ① paying ③ spent I (1) paid ② saw ③ spend

本文の内容と一致する文にはTを、一致しない文にはFを答の欄に記入しなさい。

間 1

In Japan, we can always get food, water and clothes, and take trains or buses to schools or hospitals. We think it is natural to do these things. But people in many other countries don't have them. About 150 countries are behind in industry and technology. And the people in those countries have to live on only about 100 or 200 yen each day. Those countries are (A) developing countries and about 80 % of the people in the world live in them.

There are many problems in developing countries. People in some parts of the countries can't get water in their houses and have to walk for a (①) time to get it. Many babies die because there are no hospitals near their houses. And many people can't go to schools and can't read or write. So they have a hard time finding good jobs.

Japan sells many products and technologies to developing countries. From those countries, Japan buys natural resources which are used in our industries and food which is needed for our lives. So developing countries and Japan are important partners. ② (make / supporting / those countries / can / their lives) better. And it is also good for industries and people's lives in Japan.

Japan spends a lot of money to support developing countries and sends a lot of volunteers to work there. It is important for Japan to do these things for those countries as a partner. And it is also important for us to think about the things we can do.

There are many things that each of us can do to support developing countries. Let's take an example. If you make mistakes on a postcard, what will you do? Don't throw it away. It is still useful. Some groups do volunteer activities by (B) these postcards to get some money for developing countries. In one developing country, a child can go to school for a year with 280 of these postcards. You may think it is difficult to support developing countries from Japan. But there are many activities that people can do to help them.

(注) clothes 衣服 industry 產業 developing country 発展途上国 natural resources 天然資源

be behind 遅れている technology 技術 product 製品

問1 (A), (B) にあてはまる最も適当な語を、次の5語の中から選んで、 正しい形にかえて書きなさい。

like collect walk call wear

問2 (①) にあてはまる最も適当な語を、次の3語の中から選びなさい。

short long many

問3 本文の内容について、次の会話が成り立つように、(ア)、(イ)のそれ ぞれにあてはまる最も適当な語を書きなさい。

A: What does Japan buy from developing countries?

B: Japan buys natural resources used for our industries and food ($\mathcal T$) for our ($\mathcal A$).

- 問4 下線部②の文が、「それらの国々を支援することは、彼らの生活をより良くする」となるように、() 内の語句を正しい順序に並べかえなさい。ただし、文頭にくる語は大文字で始めなさい。
- 問5 次の**ア**~**エ**までの文の中から、その内容が本文に書かれていることと一致するものを一つ選んで、その記号を書きなさい。
 - **7** People in developing countries can get food and clothes, and take trains or buses like us.
 - 1 Taking babies to a hospital is easy for people in developing countries.
 - カ A lot of Japanese people go to developing countries to work as volunteers.
 - If you make mistakes on a postcard, you should throw it away soon.

- **5** 日本語に合うように () 内の語 (句) を正しく並べかえなさい。ただし, 文頭にくる ものも小文字になっている。
 - 1 彼は私にギターを弾いてほしい。 (the guitar / wants / he / me / play / to).
 - 2 私を助けてくれた女性はわたしたちの新しい先生だった。 (me/the lady/who/was/our/helped) new teacher.
 - 3 あなたは今までにバレーボールをしたことがありますか。 (volleyball / ever / have / you / played)?
 - 4 彼には宿題を終わらせる十分な時間がある。 (the homework / enough / finish / has / he / time / to).
 - 5 彼によって壊されたコンピューターはとても高価だった。 (was / broken / the computer / him / by) very expensive.

| **6** 次の英文に対するあなたの考えを理由なども含めて35語以上の英語で書きなさい。ただし、コンマ(、)やピリオド(.)などの符号は語数に含まないものとします。

Do you think studying abroad is good for Japanese students?